

# Chain Rule

## Function of one variable

Suppose  $y = f(x)$  and  $x = g(t)$ .  
That is,  $y = f(g(t))$ .

The chain rule gives:

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f'(g(t)) \cdot g'(t)$$

### Key idea:

You must add contributions from all dependencies.

## Function of several variables

Suppose  $z = f(x, y)$  and  $\begin{cases} x = g(t) \\ y = h(t) \end{cases}$   
So  $z = f(g(t), h(t))$ .

The chain rule gives

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = f_x(g(t), h(t)) \cdot g'(t) + f_y(g(t), h(t)) \cdot h'(t)$$

**Example.** Let  $z = x^2y + 3xy^2$ , where  $x = \sin 2t$ ,  $y = \cos t$ . Find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ ,  $z'(0)$ .

**Answer:**

## More Chains

All dependencies

Alternatively, we might have  $z = f(x, y)$   
and  $x = g(s, t)$ ,  $y = h(s, t)$ .

Then  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}$ .

**Example.** Consider  $u = x^4 y + y^2 z^3$  where  
 $x = rse^t$ ,  $y = rs^2 e^{-t}$ ,  $z = r^2 s(\sin t)$ . Find  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial s}$ .

**In full generality:** If  $u$  is a function of  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$   
and each  $x_j$  is a function of  $t_1, t_2, \dots, t_m$ , then

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \cdot \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial t_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \cdot \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial t_i} + \dots + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_n} \cdot \frac{\partial x_n}{\partial t_i}.$$

# Implicit differentiation

- Simplify implicit differentiation calculations!

## Involving two variables

Consider  $F(x, y) = C$  like

Implicitly  $y$  is a function of  $x$ :

$$F(x, f(x)) = C$$

Differentiating w.r.t.  $x$ :

$$F(x, y) = C$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

Solving for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  gives

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial F}{\partial y}}$$

## Involving three variables

Consider  $F(x, y, z) = C$

Implicitly  $z$  is a function of  $x$  and  $y$ :

$$F(x, y, f(x, y)) = C$$

Differentiating w.r.t.  $x$ :

$$F(x, y, z) = C$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$$

Solving for  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  gives

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial F}{\partial z}}$$

**Example.** Find  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  if  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1$