Chain Rule — §11.5

## Chain Rule

#### **Function of one variable**

Suppose y = f(x) and x = g(t). That is, y = f(g(t)).

The chain rule gives:

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f'(g(t)) \cdot g'(t)$$

### Key idea:

You must add contributions from all dependencies.

#### **Function of several variables**

Suppose 
$$z = f(x, y)$$
 and  $\begin{cases} x = g(t) \\ y = h(t) \end{cases}$   
So  $z = f(g(t), h(t))$ .

The chain rule gives

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = f_x(g(t), h(t)) \cdot g'(t) + f_y(g(t), h(t)) \cdot h'(t)$$

Example. Let  $z = x^2y + 3xy^2$ , where  $x = \sin 2t$ ,  $y = \cos t$ . Find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ , z'(0). *Answer:* 

## More Chains

### All dependencies

Alternatively, we might have z = f(x, y) and x = g(s, t), y = h(s, t). Then  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}$ .

Example. Consider  $u = x^4y + y^2z^3$  where  $x = rse^t$ ,  $y = rs^2e^{-t}$ ,  $z = r^2s(\sin t)$ . Find  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial s}$ .

In full generality: If u is a function of  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n$  and each  $x_j$  is a function of  $t_1, t_2, \ldots, t_m$ , then  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \cdot \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial t_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \cdot \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial t_i} + \cdots + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_n} \cdot \frac{\partial x_n}{\partial t_i}.$ 

Chain Rule — §11.5

# Implicit differentiation

Simplify implicit differentiation calculations!

#### **Involving two variables**

Consider F(x, y) = C like Implicitly y is a function of x:

$$F(x, f(x)) = C$$

Differentiating w.r.t. x:

$$F(x, y) = C$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

Solving for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  gives

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial F}{\partial y}}$$

#### **Involving three variables**

Consider F(x, y, z) = CImplicitly z is a function of x and y:

$$F(x, y, f(x, y)) = C$$

Differentiating w.r.t. x:

$$F(x, y, z) = C$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$$

Solving for  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  gives

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial F}{\partial z}}$$

Example. Find 
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$
 if  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1$