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Volume $\approx f(1,1)\Delta A_{11} + f(1,2)\Delta A_{12} + f(2,1)\Delta A_{21} + f(2,2)\Delta A_{22}$

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The order of the dy and dx tells you which to integrate first. Work from the inside out.

If f is continuous on the rectangle $R = [a, b] \times [c, d]$ then

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Take away message: When f is nice, we can choose the order of integration to make our life easier.

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Properties of double integrals

When f(x, y) is a product of (a fcn of x) and (a fcn of y) over a rectangle $[a, b] \times [c, d]$, then the double integral decomposes nicely: $\iint_{D} g(x)h(y) dA = \left[\int_{a}^{b} g(x) dx \right] \cdot \left[\int_{a}^{d} h(y) dy \right]$

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For general regions R: (not necessarily rectangles)

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• If $f(x,y) \ge g(x,y)$ for all $(x,y) \in R$, then $\iint_R f \, dA \ge \iint_R g \, dA$.