#### Course Notes

Mathematical Models, Spring 2020

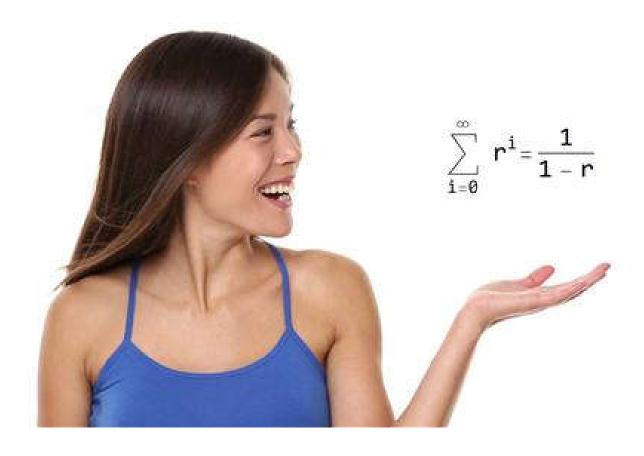
Queens College, Math 245

Prof. Christopher Hanusa

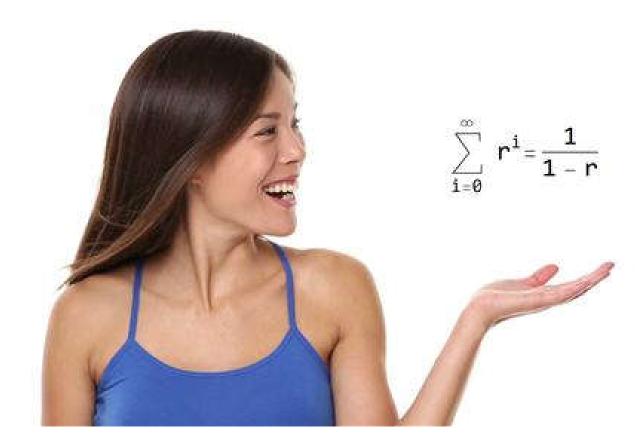
http://qcpages.qc.cuny.edu/~chanusa/courses/245/20/

# What is mathematical modeling?

# What is mathematical modeling?

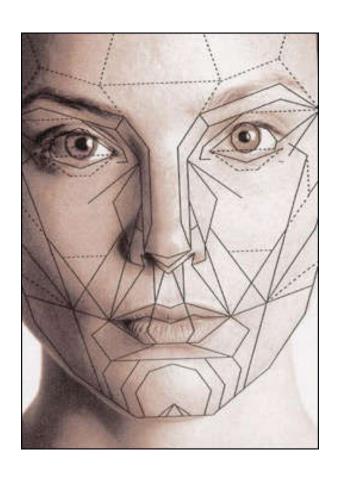


## What is mathematical modeling?



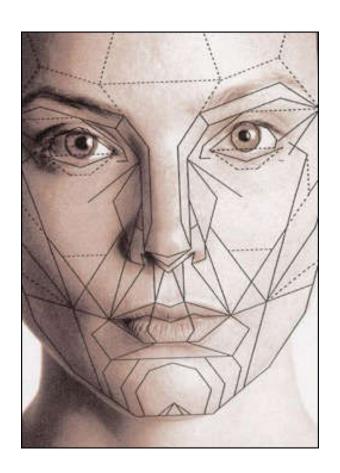
No, that's modeling mathematics.

Is it....



# What is mathematical modeling?

Is it....



No, that's the mathematics of modeling.

Is it....



Is it....



No, that's modeling mathematical jewelry.

Is it....



Is it....



No, that's a model math airplane.

### What is mathematical modeling?



No, that's a model math airplane. But we're getting closer.

## A definition

### A definition

#### What is a model?

► Miniature representation of something

### A definition

#### What is a model?

► Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- ► An example for imitation or emulation

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- ► An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- ► An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- ► An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization (Drawing of an atom; Pendulum for public opinion.)

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- ► An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization (Drawing of an atom; Pendulum for public opinion.)
- ► A detailed description of a situation.

### A definition

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization (Drawing of an atom; Pendulum for public opinion.)
- ▶ A detailed description of a situation.
  (System of assumptions, data, inferences describing a situation)

### A definition

#### What is a model?

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- ► An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization (Drawing of an atom; Pendulum for public opinion.)
- ► A detailed description of a situation. (System of assumptions, data, inferences describing a situation)

A mathematical model is a representation of a real-world situation using mathematical terms.

### A definition

#### What is a model?

- Miniature representation of something (Model airplane)
- An example for imitation or emulation (Sewing pattern)
- An analogy to aid in visualization / conceptualization (Drawing of an atom; Pendulum for public opinion.)
- ► A detailed description of a situation. (System of assumptions, data, inferences describing a situation)

A mathematical model is a representation of a real-world situation using mathematical terms.

We will see: Math is Everywhere.

## Models underlie many real-world situations

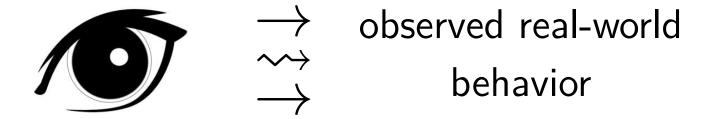
- Countdown clocks: When will the next bus/train arrive?
- Product management: How many items will a store sell?
- ► Sea rise: How much higher will the oceans be in 50 years?
- ▶ Population: How many people will live in NYC in 2030?
- Student demand: How many sections of Math 245 to run?

# A justification

Why do we model?

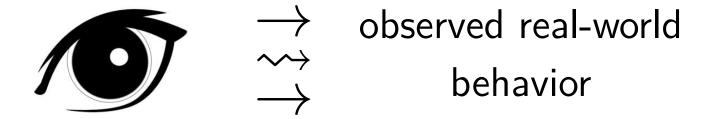
## A justification

Why do we model?



## A justification

Why do we model?

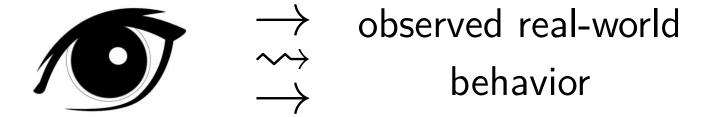


As scientists, we want to understand how the world works.

What is happening?

## A justification

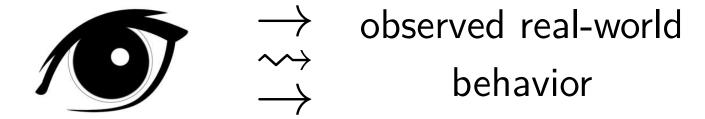
Why do we model?



- What is happening?
- ▶ What are the reasons for the behavior?

## A justification

Why do we model?



- What is happening?
- ▶ What are the reasons for the behavior?
- ► How do we convey that our reasoning is plausible?

## A justification

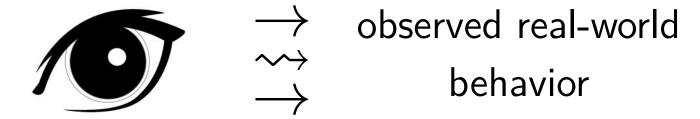
Why do we model?



- What is happening?
- ▶ What are the reasons for the behavior?
- ► How do we convey that our reasoning is plausible? Modeling is an **ACTIVE** process.

## A justification

Why do we model?



As scientists, we want to understand how the world works.

- What is happening?
- ▶ What are the reasons for the behavior?
- ► How do we convey that our reasoning is plausible?

Modeling is an **ACTIVE** process.

► Requires in-depth thought in order to understand and convey the essence of a situation.

### A justification

Why do we model?



As scientists, we want to understand how the world works.

- What is happening?
- What are the reasons for the behavior?
- How do we convey that our reasoning is plausible?

Modeling is an **ACTIVE** process.

► Requires in-depth thought in order to understand and convey the essence of a situation.

**In this class:** We are going to create computer simulations in Python and use the language of mathematics to model the real world.

### How do we model?

Real-world System

#### **How** do we model?

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Real-world} & & \textbf{Abstract} \\ \textbf{System} & & \textbf{via assumptions} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \textbf{Mathematical} \\ \textbf{Model} \end{array}$ 

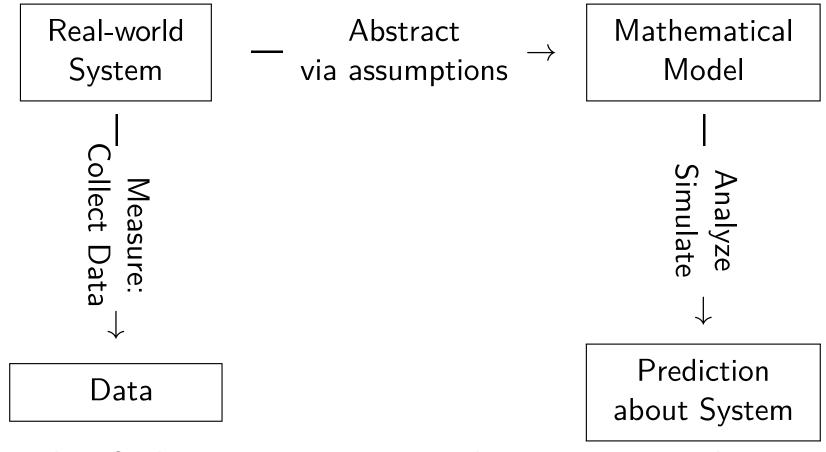
▶ Identify the most important variables in a real-world system

#### How do we model?

Real-world **Abstract** Mathematical via assumptions System Model Simulate Prediction about System

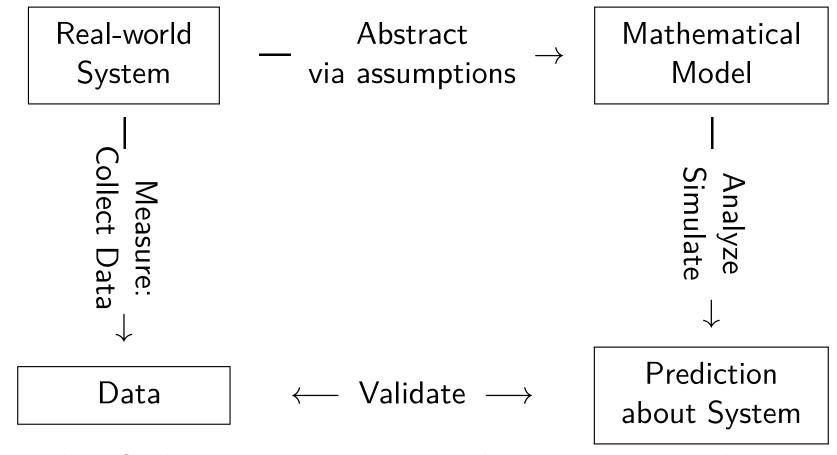
- ▶ Identify the most important variables in a real-world system
- Analyze the model / Create a computer simulation

### How do we model?



- ▶ Identify the most important variables in a real-world system
- Analyze the model / Create a computer simulation
- Collect some data from the real world system

#### How do we model?



- ▶ Identify the most important variables in a real-world system
- ► Analyze the model / Create a computer simulation
- Collect some data from the real world system
- Validate your model and refine / revise!

# A normal day in this class

► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!

- ► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- ▶ Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.

- Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - ► Algorithm design and coding details
  - ▶ Take notes!

- Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - ▶ Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - Algorithm design and coding details
  - ▶ Take notes!
- Project Work
  - ▶ Dedicated time to make progress and ask questions on project

# In class

- ► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - ▶ Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - Algorithm design and coding details
  - Take notes!
- Project Work
  - ▶ Dedicated time to make progress and ask questions on project

# Outside class

# A normal day in this class

► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!

- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - Algorithm design and coding details
  - ► Take notes!
- Project Work
  - Dedicated time to make progress and ask questions on project

# n c ass

### A normal day in this class

Outside class

- ► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - Algorithm design and coding details
  - Take notes!
- Project Work
  - Dedicated time to make progress and ask questions on project
- Learning after class
  - ► Review notes, Do homework, Project work

# n c ass

# Outside class

# A normal day in this class

# Outside class

- Preparing for class
  - ▶ Pre-reading, Answer Daily Question, Prepare questions.
- ► Arrive on time & Be ready to participate!
- Discussion of homework questions, Daily Question.
- New content
  - Theory and Practice of Modeling
  - Algorithm design and coding details
  - ► Take notes!
- Project Work
  - ▶ Dedicated time to make progress and ask questions on project
- Learning after class
  - ► Review notes, Do homework, Project work

#### Class Notebook

► Acquire a notebook (50–80 pages) and bring it to class everyday. (Quarantine it from other classes.)

▶ I will collect them every few weeks and check for completion.

#### Class Notebook

► Acquire a notebook (50–80 pages) and bring it to class everyday. (Quarantine it from other classes.)

- ▶ I will collect them every few weeks and check for completion.
- ► First 20–30 pages for homework, the rest for class notes.
- ► Label each page with the date and label each question.

**Question 1-1.** (problem statement here)

Answer the question in complete sentences.

(Leave some space for notes from discussion.)

**Question 1-2.** (problem statement here)

•

#### To do well in this class:

#### ► Form good study groups.

- ▶ Discuss homework and classwork.
- ▶ Bounce around ideas, topics, questions.
- ▶ It helps to have people to talk through things with.

#### To do well in this class:

#### ► Form good study groups.

- Discuss homework and classwork.
- Bounce around ideas, topics, questions.
- ▶ It helps to have people to talk through things with.

#### ▶ Put in the time OUTSIDE class.

- ▶ Three credits = 6-9 hours / week out of class.
- ► Homework stresses key concepts from class; learning takes time.

#### To do well in this class:

#### ► Form good study groups.

- Discuss homework and classwork.
- Bounce around ideas, topics, questions.
- It helps to have people to talk through things with.

#### ▶ Put in the time OUTSIDE class.

- ▶ Three credits = 6-9 hours / week out of class.
- Homework stresses key concepts from class; learning takes time.

#### Come to class prepared.

- Review previous day's notes.
- Do the homework & work on your projects.

#### To do well in this class:

#### ► Form good study groups.

- Discuss homework and classwork.
- Bounce around ideas, topics, questions.
- It helps to have people to talk through things with.

#### Put in the time OUTSIDE class.

- ▶ Three credits = 6-9 hours / week out of class.
- Homework stresses key concepts from class; learning takes time.

#### Come to class prepared.

- Review previous day's notes.
- Do the homework & work on your projects.

#### Stay in contact.

- If you are confused, ask questions (in class and out).
- Don't fall behind in coursework or homework.
- I need to understand your concerns.

#### To do well in this class:

#### ► Form good study groups.

- Discuss homework and classwork.
- Bounce around ideas, topics, questions.
- It helps to have people to talk through things with.

#### Put in the time OUTSIDE class.

- ▶ Three credits = 6-9 hours / week out of class.
- Homework stresses key concepts from class; learning takes time.

#### Come to class prepared.

- Review previous day's notes.
- ▶ Do the homework & work on your projects.

#### **▶** Stay in contact.

- If you are confused, ask questions (in class and out).
- Don't fall behind in coursework or homework.
- ▶ I need to understand your concerns.

Everything posted online; first one (many parts) due Wednesday.

#### Meet the modelers

**Group Activity.** Get into groups of four-ish people. Take some time to get to know your groupmates:

- Introduce yourself. (your name, where you're from, your major)
- ► Fill out **the blank side of** your notecard:
  - ► Write your name. (Stylize if you wish.)
  - ▶ Write a few words about your name to help me remember it.
  - Draw something in the remaining space.
- Exchange contact information. (phone / email / other)
- ► Small talk suggestion: What kept you busy this past month?

#### Meet the modelers

**Group Activity.** Get into groups of four-ish people. Take some time to get to know your groupmates:

- Introduce yourself. (your name, where you're from, your major)
- ► Fill out **the blank side of** your notecard:
  - ► Write your name. (Stylize if you wish.)
  - Write a few words about your name to help me remember it.
  - ▶ *Draw* something in the remaining space.
- Exchange contact information. (phone / email / other)
- ► Small talk suggestion: What kept you busy this past month?

**Thought Question.** Brainstorm real-world situations where you interact with a mathematical model. Choose one. How does the mathematical model (or its conclusions) impact your life?

# We are going to learn math modeling and python together.

#### Let's get Started!

- Grab a computer / Bring your own.
- ▶ Go to our course webpage: qcpages.qc.cuny.edu/~chanusa/courses/245/20/
- ► Find the day's plan > Content.
- ► Head to > Software.
- ▶ Use your Office365 account to access Azure Notebooks.
- Import the python notebooks from GitHub.
- ▶ While they are importing, access Google Classroom.
- ► Take a minute to answer the Daily Question.

### Jupyter notebook advice

Jupyter is the notebook environm't. Python is the progr. language.

- ▶ Always work in the notebooks directory.
- Make a new copy of the notebook before any modifications.
- ▶ Each time we start the server, all previous definitions are lost.
- ▶ Use the Python 3 kernel, not the Python 3.6 kernel.
- Jupyter notebooks look linear. They are not.
- Always evaluate the cells in order from top to bottom.

#### Let's flip a coin!

- We are using the modsim package; it must be imported each time we open the notebook.
- modsim relies on the pint package, so load it first.