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Some partitions are **self-conjugate**, satisfying $\lambda = \lambda^c$.

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- Understand each factor in the product well to find a generating function for a subset of partitions.
- ▶ The generating function is beautiful! But no nice formula!

A formula for integer partitions

Bruinier and Ono (2011) found an algebraic formula for the partition function P(n) as a finite sum of algebraic numbers as follows. Define the weight-2 meromorphic modular form F(z) by

$$F(z) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{E_2(z) - 2E_2(2z) - 3E_2(3z) + 6E_2(6z)}{\eta^2(z)\eta^2(3z)\eta^3(6z)},$$
(27)

were $q = e^{2\pi i z}$, $E_2(q)$ is an Eisenstein series, and $\eta(q)$ is a Dedekind eta function. Now define

$$R(z) = -\left(\frac{1}{2\pi i}\frac{d}{dz} + \frac{1}{2\pi y}\right)F(z),$$
(28)

where z = x + i y. Additionally let Q_n be any set of representatives of the equivalence classes of the integral binary quadratic form $Q(x, y) = a x^2 + b x y + c y^2$ such that $6 \mid a$ with a > 0 and $b \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$, and for each Q(x, y), let a_Q be the so-called CM point in the upper half-plane, for which $Q(a_Q, 1) = 0$. Then

$$P(n) = \frac{\text{Tr}(n)}{24n-1},$$
(29)

where the trace is defined as

$$\operatorname{Tr}(n) = \sum_{Q \in Q_n} R(\alpha_Q).$$
(30)

Weisstein, Eric W. "Partition Function P." From MathWorld—A Wolfram Web Resource. http://mathworld.wolfram.com/PartitionFunctionP.html

Partitions: odd parts and distinct parts

Example. THE FOLLOWING AMAZING FACT!!!!1!!!11!!

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The number of partitions of nusing only odd parts, o_n The number of partitions of nusing distinct parts, d_n *o*₆:

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See, I told you they were equal. \Box

Related to some current lines of research in algebra and combinatorics:

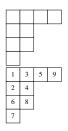
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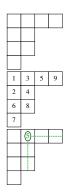


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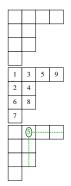
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Question: How many SYT are there of shape $\lambda \vdash n$?

Answer:
$$\frac{n!}{\prod_{(i,j)\in\lambda}h(i,j)}$$



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f: { partitions of n into k parts with smallest part 1. } → { } .
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Theorem 4.4.2. _____ equals $P(n, largest part \leq k)$.

Theorem 4.4.3. P(n, self conjugate) = P(n, distinct odd parts)

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