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Some partitions are **self-conjugate**, satisfying  $\lambda = \lambda^c$ .

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- Understand each factor in the product well to find a generating function for a subset of partitions.
- ▶ The generating function is beautiful! But no nice formula!

#### A formula for integer partitions

Bruinier and Ono (2011) found an algebraic formula for the partition function P(n) as a finite sum of algebraic numbers as follows. Define the weight-2 meromorphic modular form F(z) by

$$F(z) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{E_2(z) - 2E_2(2z) - 3E_2(3z) + 6E_2(6z)}{\eta^2(z)\eta^2(3z)\eta^3(6z)},$$
(27)

were  $q = e^{2\pi i z}$ ,  $E_2(q)$  is an Eisenstein series, and  $\eta(q)$  is a Dedekind eta function. Now define

$$R(z) = -\left(\frac{1}{2\pi i}\frac{d}{dz} + \frac{1}{2\pi y}\right)F(z),$$
(28)

where z = x + i y. Additionally let  $Q_n$  be any set of representatives of the equivalence classes of the integral binary quadratic form  $Q(x, y) = a x^2 + b x y + c y^2$  such that  $6 \mid a$  with a > 0 and  $b \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$ , and for each Q(x, y), let  $a_Q$  be the so-called CM point in the upper half-plane, for which  $Q(a_Q, 1) = 0$ . Then

$$P(n) = \frac{\text{Tr}(n)}{24n-1},$$
(29)

where the trace is defined as

$$\operatorname{Tr}(n) = \sum_{Q \in Q_n} R(\alpha_Q).$$
(30)

Weisstein, Eric W. "Partition Function P." From MathWorld—A Wolfram Web Resource. http://mathworld.wolfram.com/PartitionFunctionP.html

### Partitions: odd parts and distinct parts

#### Example. THE FOLLOWING AMAZING FACT!!!!1!!!11!!

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See, I told you they were equal.  $\Box$ 

Related to some current lines of research in algebra and combinatorics:

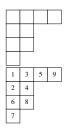
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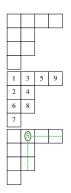


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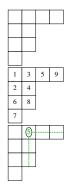
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*Question:* How many SYT are there of shape  $\lambda \vdash n$ ?

Answer: 
$$\frac{n!}{\prod_{(i,j)\in\lambda}h(i,j)}$$



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▶ If so, biject as follows to find many partitions:
f: { partitions of n into k parts with smallest part 1. } → { } .
▶ If not: biject as follows to find many partitions:
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The same bijection gives:

Theorem 4.4.2. \_\_\_\_\_ equals  $P(n, largest part \leq k)$ .

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