QUEENS COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Final Examination 2 1/2 Hours

Mathematics 131

Fall 2007

Instructions:

Answer all questions.

Show all work.

1. Evaluate the following limits:

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad \lim_{t \to 9} \quad \frac{9 - t}{3 - \sqrt{t}}$$

b)
$$\lim_{t \to 2} \frac{t^2 + t - 6}{t^2 - 4}$$

a)
$$\lim_{t \to 9} \frac{9-t}{3-\sqrt{t}}$$
 b) $\lim_{t \to 2} \frac{t^2+t-6}{t^2-4}$ c) $\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{3x^2-x-2}{5x^2+4x+1}$

2. If $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$, find f'(x) using the definition of the derivative.

3. (i) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$: (Do not simplify)

a)
$$y = \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^3 + 1}{x^3 - 1}}$$

b)
$$y = \frac{x^5}{7} - \frac{7}{x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3} - \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

(ii) Use logarithmic differentiation to find

$$f'(x) \text{ if } f(x) = \frac{(x+2)^5}{\sqrt[6]{3x-5}}$$

4. a) For what value of the constant c is the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx+1 & \text{if } x \le 3\\ cx^2-1 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$
 continuous at $x = 3$?

b) Using the intermediate value property, show that there is a root of the equation

$$4x^3 - 6x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$$
 between 1 and 2.

- 5. The altitude of a triangle is increasing at a rate of 1cm/min while the area of the triangle is increasing at a rate of 2 cm²/min. At what rate is the base of the triangle changing when the altitude is 10 cm and the area is 100 cm^2 ? ($A = \frac{1}{2}bh$)
- 6. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of

$$f(x) = x^4 - 4x^2 + 2$$
 on $[-3, 2]$.

7. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve

$$y^2 = x^3(2-x)$$
 at $(1,1)$.

(continued on other side)

8. If 1200 cm² of material is available to make a box with a square base and an open top, what is the largest possible volume of the box?

9. Let
$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 1}$$

- a) Determine the domain and vertical and horizontal asymptotes.
- b) Over what interval(s) is f increasing and over what interval(s) is f decreasing?
- c) Over what interval(s) is f concave up and over what interval(s) is f concave down?
- d) Use (a), (b) and (c) to sketch the graph of the function. Are there any local maxima/minima? Are there any points of inflection?
- 10. It is determined that q units of a commodity can be sold when the price is p hundred dollars per unit, where $q(p) = 1,000(p+2)e^{-p}$
 - a) Show that the demand function q(p) decreases as p increases for $p \ge 0$.
 - b) For what price p is the revenue R = pq maximized? What is the maximum revenue?

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