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We can use the chain rule again to find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$, but be careful!

$$y'' = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) =$$
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Important:
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \neq \frac{d^2y}{dt} / \frac{d^2x}{dt}$$
 !!!!!

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Sketching the curve

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Question: Where is the curve concave up? concave down?

Calculate $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt}(\frac{3t^2-3}{2t})}{\frac{dx}{dt}}$

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Put it all together:

	411	rog.
t	X	y
-3		
-1		
0		
1 3		
3		

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Also:desmos.com or Mathematica

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Example. Find the slope of the tangent line to the curve $r = 2 \sin \theta$ at cartesian coordinates (x, y) = (2, 0).