

MATH 140 First Exam Practice Test

Problem 1. What is the domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8-x^2}}$?

- A. $0 < x < \sqrt{8}$
- B. $x > \sqrt{8}$ or $x < -\sqrt{8}$
- C. $-\sqrt{8} < x < \sqrt{8}$
- D. $-\sqrt{8} < x < 0$
- E. All x but $\pm\sqrt{8}$

Problem 2. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = -2$ and f is continuous at $x = 0$, we can say that

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(|x-5|) + 1$ is

- A. -4
- B. 0
- C. 3
- D. -1
- E. insufficient information; cannot be determined

Problem 3. What is $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{t - |t|}{t + |t|}$?

- A. 0
- B. $1/2$
- C. $+\infty$
- D. 1
- E. does not exist

Problem 4. Let C be a constant and $f(x) = \begin{cases} Cx^2 & x \geq 0 \\ -Cx^2 & x < 0. \end{cases}$ If the second

derivative $f''(0)$ exists, then C must be

- A. 1
- B. -1
- C. $1/2$
- D. $-1/2$
- E. 0

Problem 5. What, if any, are the points of discontinuity of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(2x)}{x} & x < 0 \\ 2 - x & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{|x - 2|} & x > 1, x \neq 2 \end{cases}$$

- A. none
- B. $x = 0$ only
- C. $x = 1$ only
- D. $x = 2$ only
- E. $x = 0$ and $x = 2$

Problem 6. What is $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin(2x - 2)}{x^2 - 1}$?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 0
- D. $+\infty$
- E. does not exist

Problem 7. If $g(w) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{w} + 1}\right)$, then $g'(1) =$

- A. 0
- B. $\pi/8$
- C. $-\pi/8$
- D. $\pi/4$
- E. $-\pi/4$.

Problem 8. A particle moves on the line so that its position at time $t \geq 0$ is given by $s(t) = \sqrt{2t^2 + 3} + t$. What is $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} v(t)$?

- A. $\sqrt{2}$
- B. $+\infty$
- C. 0
- D. $\sqrt{2} + 1$
- E. does not exist

Problem 9. Let $f(x) = \sin(2x)$. Which horizontal line intersects the graph of f somewhere in the interval $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ at an angle $\pi/3$?

- A. $y = 1/2$
- B. $y = -1/2$
- C. $y = 1/3$
- D. $y = -1/3$
- E. $y = 0$

Problem 10. Find the output to the following Maple statement:

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> limit((x^3+x^2+5x+5)/(x^2-1), x=-1);
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- A. -3
- B. 3
- C. 1/3
- D. -1/3
- E. 1/6

Problem 11. If $g(0) = 1$, $g'(0) = 3$, $f(1) = 9$, $f'(1) = 2$, the derivative of the function $\sqrt{(f \circ g)(x)}$ at $x = 0$ is

- A. 1/6
- B. -1/6
- C. -1/2
- D. -1
- E. 1

Problem 12. The function $f(x) = x^3 + 3x - 1$ has a root

- A. between -1 and 0
- B. between 0 and 1
- C. between 1 and 2
- D. between 2 and 3
- E. between 3 and 4